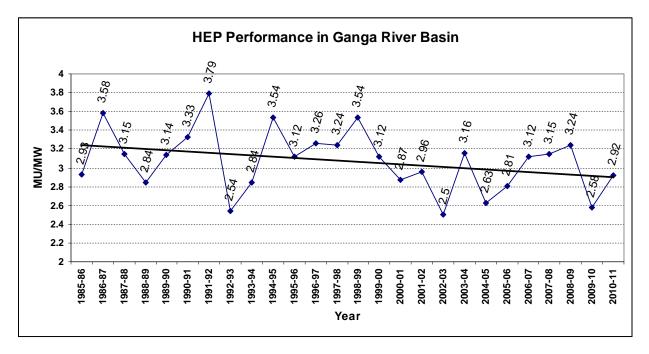
Hydropower Generation Performance in Ganga Basin

The Ganga or Ganges river is a trans-boundary river of India and Bangladesh. The 2,525 km river rises in the western Himalayas in the Indian state of Uttarakhand, and flows south and east through the Gangetic Plain of North India into Bangladesh, where it empties into the Bay of Bengal. The Ganga begins at the confluence of the Bhagirathi and Alaknanda rivers. The Subbasin wise generation data of large hydro with installed capacity of the basin in the latest year 2010-11.

| Projects | Inst Capacity (MW) | Generation (MU) | MU/MW |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------|
| Projects in Yamuna River Basin | 666.75 | 2234 | 3.351 |
| Projects in Alaknanda River Basin | 400 | 2022 | 5.06 |
| Projects in Bhagirathi River Basin | 1394 | 4956 | 3.56 |
| Projects in Chambal River Basin | 386 | 409 | 1.06 |
| Projects in Betwa River Basin | 75.6 | 136 | 1.8 |
| Projects in Sharda River Basin | 613.6 | 2081 | 3.39 |
| Projects in Tons River Basin | 315 | 705 | 2.24 |
| Projects in Sone River Basin | 489 | 410 | 0.84 |
| Projects in Damodar River Basin | 143.2 | 115 | 0.8 |
| Total | 4483.15 | 13068 | 2.92 |



- The above graph shows the trend line of power generation of Big Hydropower projects for last 26 years in the basin, the trend-line shows diminishing generation from existing hydro power projects of Ganga River Basin.
- It shows that the per MW generation in 2010-11 (2.92) has dropped by a 22.96% from the highest per MW generation (3.79) achieved in the year 1991-92.
- All generation figures have been taken from official data of Central Electricity Authority (CEA).